

Biography: Camille A. Falkner, M.D.

Camille A. Falkner, M.D. was born in Southern California and grew up mainly in San Bernardino, California. She graduated from Cajon High School in 1988 and then moved to Palo Alto, California where she attended Stanford University. In 1992, she received a Bachelor of Arts in Human Biology. After graduation, she deferred her acceptance to medical school and accepted a Rotary International Scholarship which enabled her to travel to Mexico City for one year. During this year she served as a representative from the United States and spoke at various Rotary Club meetings. She attended the Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico and took courses on Latin American History, Sociology and Spanish.

After her return to the United States, she began medical school at the University of California in San Diego in 1993 and graduated in 1997. Dr. Falkner was then accepted to a residency program in obstetrics and gynecology at William Beaumont Hospital, a large community hospital in Royal Oak, Michigan. She completed residency in 2001 and then returned to Southern California to practice general obstetrics and gynecology at Riverside County Regional Medical Center in Moreno Valley, California. During this year of practice, she also worked part-time in a virology lab at the University of California in Irvine where she studied the Human Papilloma Virus.

In 2002, Dr. Falkner moved to Oklahoma City where she accepted a position of Instructor in the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology at the University of Oklahoma. She practiced for one year and subsequently was certified in general obstetrics and gynecology with the American Board of Obstetrics and Gynecology. In 2003, she was accepted to the University of Oklahoma's fellowship program in gynecologic oncology. In June, 2006 she completed this fellowship. She then moved to Las Vegas, Nevada to join the Nevada Surgery and Cancer Care group. Dr. Falkner is excited to be a part of this growing practice where she will be able to care for women with gynecologic cancers.